

# 高雄榮民總醫院

## 鼻咽癌診療原則

2019年03月06日第一版

鼻咽癌醫療團隊擬訂

注意事項：這個診療原則主要作為醫師和其他保健專家診療癌症病人參考之用。假如你是一個癌症病人，直接引用這個診療原則並不恰當，只有你的醫師才能決定給你最恰當的治療。

# 會議討論

上次會議：2018/05/23

本共識與上一版的差異

上一版	新版
1. Definitive RT 2. 無± Neck Sono 3. 無Clinical trials	1. Elective RT to neck (p1) 2. FOLLOW-UP → ± Neck Sono (p1) 3. 新增治療選項：Clinical trials(p3) 4. 核對線上化藥處方集與診療指引化藥處方集一致性，未列出者將補齊(p9-10)  Regimen 9: weekly Methotrexate •Methotrexate (40-60mg/ m <sup>2</sup> ) Regimen 5: FL •Covorin (250 mg/ m <sup>2</sup> ) D1 Fluorouracil (5-FU) (2500 mg/ m <sup>2</sup> ) D1 Regimen 6: MEP • Mitomycin (8mg/ m <sup>2</sup> ) D1 Epicin (60mg/ m <sup>2</sup> ) D1 Cisplatin (60mg/ m <sup>2</sup> ) D1 Regimen 7: PEB • Epicin (50-70mg/ m <sup>2</sup> ) D1 Cisplatin (60-100mg/ m <sup>2</sup> ) D1

# Carcinoma of Nasopharynx

高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 | Ver.1 修訂於2019.03.06 Page 1 (Ref. 1)

WORK-UP	STAGING & TREATMENT	FOLLOW-UP
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <u>History &amp; PE</u></li><li>• <u>Biopsy &amp; Pathology</u></li><li>• <u>Image</u><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>→ MRI* or CT of H&amp;N* or PET</li><li>→ Chest X-ray *</li><li>→ Bone scan *</li><li>→ Abd. Sono *</li><li>→ ± PET scan</li></ul></li><li>• <u>EBV status:</u> viral load, ± EB-EA/NA, ± EB-VCA IgG/IgA</li><li>• <u>Dental evaluation*</u><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>→ Panorex ± teeth extraction</li></ul></li><li>• <u>Hearing evaluation</u><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>→ PTA, tympanogram</li></ul></li><li>• <u>Multidisciplinary consultation</u><ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>( * 期別之相關之主要檢查)</li></ul></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• [T1, N0, M0] <b>Definitive RT</b> <b>Elective RT to neck</b></li><li>• [T1, N1-3, M0] or [T2-4, any N, M0] 詳見 <i>Page 2</i></li><li>• [Any T, any N, M1] 詳見 <i>Page 3</i></li><li>• [M1] 詳見 <i>Page 4</i></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• [Post-Tx within 6 months]<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>→ Baseline MRI and/or CT</li><li>→ every 1-2 month: PE</li><li>→ ± Neck Sono</li></ul></li><li>• [0.5-3 years after Tx]<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>→ Every 2-3 months: PE, nasopharyngoscopy</li><li>→ Every 1 year: viral load, ± EB-EA/NA, ± EB-VCA IgG/IgA; MRI ± CT, CxR, bone scan &amp; Abd. Sono as indicated</li></ul></li><li>• [ 3-5 years after Tx]<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>→ Every 4-6 months: PE, nasopharyngoscopy</li></ul></li><li>• [ 5 years later after Tx]<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>→ Every 6-12 months: PE, nasopharyngoscopy</li></ul></li></ul>

# Carcinoma of Nasopharynx

高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 | Ver.1修訂於2019.03.06 Page 2 ([Ref. 1](#))

## Clinical T1, N1-3 or T2-4, any N, M0

### Primary treatment

#### CCRT ± Adjuvant CT 註1-3

High risk for distant failure (clinical cT4 or cN3) 建議加打 2-3 courses of adjuvant CT。

#### Induction CT + CCRT or RT 註1-3

2-3 courses for locally advanced cT4 or cN3；若只打1 cycle 且與後續CCRT間隔小於 2 weeks，視為CCRT only。

#### Definitive RT 註1

Poor medical condition or patient's preference。

#### Clinical trials

### Response and salvage treatment

Complete clinical response

Follow-up

Residual disease  
or clinically  
suspicious residue

Surgery if  
operable\* #

Adjuvant CT  
註3

# Salvage neck dissection is indicated if residual neck disease.

\* Salvage nasopharyngectomy is indicated for operable residual primary tumor.

# Carcinoma of Nasopharynx

高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 | Ver.1 修訂於2019.03.06 Page 3 (**Ref. 1**)

## Any T, any N, M1

### Primary treatment

**Platinum-based combination CT**  
± RT or CCRT <sup>註1-3</sup>

**CCRT** <sup>註1-2</sup>

**Definitive RT** <sup>註1</sup>  
Poor medical condition or patient's preference

**Palliative care**

**Clinical trials**

### Adjuvant treatment

Complete clinical response

Residual disease

Follow-up

Palliative CT <sup>註3</sup>

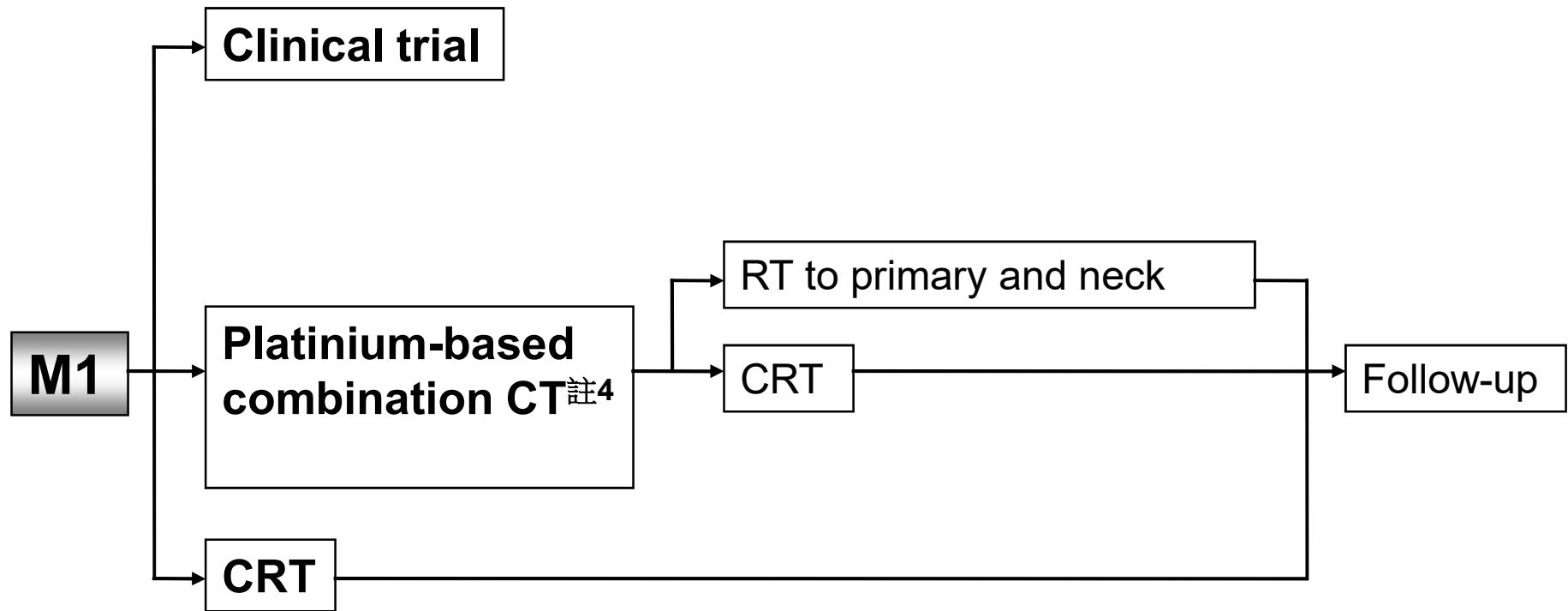
Palliative RT <sup>註1</sup>

Supportive care

Surgery if applicable

# Carcinoma of Nasopharynx

高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 | Ver.1修訂於2019.03.06 Page 4 ([Ref. 1,13-14](#))



# **Carcinoma of Nasopharynx**

註1 高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 Ver.1 修訂於2019.03.06 Page 5 (Ref. 1,5,6)

## **Principles of Radiotherapy**

### **Definitive Radiotherapy**

- Primary and gross adenopathy : 66 - 74 Gy (2.0 Gy/fraction)
- Neck uninvolved nodal stations : 44 - 64 Gy (1.6-2.0 Gy/fractions)

### **CCRT or RT**

- RT alone if : Old age, Impaired renal function, Poor condition

### **Palliative RT**

- Indicated in : Relieve local symptoms, Prevent debilitation such as spinal cord compression and pathological fracture, Achieve durable locoregional control.

# Carcinoma of Nasopharynx

註2

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## Principles of Chemotherapy

### Concurrent with RT

#### Regimen 1: q3w CDDP ± Cetuximab + RT 註5

- Cisplatin (80-100mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) q3w during R/T
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then Cetuximab(250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose D1 + Cisplatin (80-100mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) q3w D2 during R/T

#### Regimen 2: Weekly CDDP ± Cetuximab + RT 註5

- Cisplatin (30-40mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) weekly during R/T
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, and then Cisplatin (30-40mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) weekly D1 + Cetuximab(250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose D2 during R/T

#### Regimen 3: q3w Carboplatin ± Cetuximab + RT 註5

- Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) q3w during R/T
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then Cetuximab(250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose D1 + Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) q3w D2 during R/T

#### Regimen 4: Weekly Cetuximab + RT 註5

- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then Cetuximab(250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose during RT

# Carcinoma of Nasopharynx

註3 高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 | Ver.1 修訂於2019.03.06 Page 7 (Ref. 5-8)

## Regimens of Chemotherapy *Induction or adjuvant, 建議2-3cycles*

### Regimen 1: q3-4 weeks CDDP ± F ± weekly Cetuximab 註5

- Cisplatin (20mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1-D5
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (1000mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1-D5
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then weekly Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>)

### Regimen 2: q3-4 weeks CDDP ± F ± weekly Cetuximab 註5

- Cisplatin(80-100mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (1000mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D2-D5
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then weekly Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>)

### Regimen 3: q3-4 weeks Carboplatin ± F ± weekly Cetuximab 註5

- Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) D1
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (1000mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D2-D5
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then weekly Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>)

# Carcinoma of Nasopharynx

註3

高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 Ver.1 修訂於2019.03.06 Page 8 (**Ref. 5-12**)

## Regimens of Chemotherapy

*Induction or adjuvant, 建議2-3cycles*

### Regimen 4: q3-4 weeks T + P ± F ± weekly Cetuximab

- Taxotere(60 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1 註5
- Cisplatin(60-75 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Fluorouracil (5-FU)(600-750mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D2-D5
- Cetuximab (400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose

### Regimen 5: weekly Cetuximab 註5

- Cetuximab (400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose

### Regimen 6: oral Fluorouracil

- Ufur cap (tegafur 100mg+uracil 224mg) 2# TID  
(Salvage or palliative CT中作為取代iv-formed 5-FU之替代藥物)

# Carcinoma of Nasopharynx

註3 高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 | Ver.1 修訂於2019.03.06 Page 9 (Ref. 5-12)

## Regimens of Chemotherapy *Induction or adjuvant, 建議2-3cycles*

### Regimen 7: q4w GGGP (6 courses)

- Gemcitabine (1000mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1, 8, 15
- Cisplatin (50-60mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D22

### Regimen 8: P-FL

- Cisplatin (60mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) week 1, 3, 5, 7
- Fluorouracil (5-FU)(2500mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) + Leucovorin (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) mixed week 2, 4, 6, 8

### **Regimen 9: weekly Methotrexate**

- Methotrexate (40-60mg/ m<sup>2</sup>)

# Carcinoma of Nasopharynx

註4

高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 | Ver.1修訂於2019.03.06 Page 10 ([Ref. 13-22](#))

## Regimens of Chemotherapy

### Recurrent or metastatic

#### Regimen 1: q3-4 weeks CDDP ± F

- Cisplatin(80-100mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1 or Cisplatin (20mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1-D5
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (600-1000 mg/m<sup>2</sup>) D2-D5

#### Regimen 2: q3-4 weeks Carboplatin ± F

- Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) D1
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (1000mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D2-D5

#### Regimen 3: q4w GGGP (6 courses)

- Gemcitabine (1000mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1, 8, 15
- Cisplatin (50-60mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D22

#### Regimen 4: weekly Gemcitabine

- Gemcitabine (1000mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1

#### Regimen 5: FL

- Covorin (250 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (2500 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1

#### Regimen 6: MEP

- Mitomycin (8mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Epicin (60mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Cisplatin (60mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1

#### Regimen 7: PEB

- Epicin (50-70mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Cisplatin (60-100mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Bleomycin (15mg) D1

# **Carcinoma of Nasopharynx**

註4

高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 Ver.1修訂於2019.03.06 Page 11 (Ref. 13-22)

## **Regimens of Chemotherapy**

### ***Recurrent or metastatic***

#### **Regimen 5: q3-4 weeks T ± CDDP**

- Taxotere(60 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1 註5
- Cisplatin(60-75 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1

#### **Regimen 6: q3-4 weeks T ± Carboplatin**

- Taxotere(60 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1 註5
- Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) D1

#### **Regimen 7: q3-4 weeks Carboplatin ± weekly Cetuximab** 註5

- Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) D1
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then weekly Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>)

#### **Regimen 8: weekly Methotrexate**

- Methotrexate (40-60mg/ m<sup>2</sup>)

# **Carcinoma of Nasopharynx**

註5 高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 Ver.1 修訂於2019.03.06 Page 12

## **特殊用藥健保給付規定**

### **Taxotere**

- 頭頸部癌，限局部晚期且無遠端轉移之頭頸部鱗狀細胞癌且無法手術切除者。
- 與Cisplatin 及5-FU 併用，作為放射治療前的引導治療，限使用四個療程。

### **Cetuximab**

- 限與放射線療法合併使用於局部晚期之口咽癌、下咽癌及喉癌患者，且符合下列條件之一：
  - 1.年齡  $\geq$  70 歲
  - 2.Ccr < 50ml/min
  - 3.聽力障礙者 (聽力障礙定義為500Hz、1000Hz、2000Hz 平均聽力損失大於25 分貝)
  - 4.無法耐受platinum-based 化學治療。
- 使用總療程以接受8 次輸注為上限。
- 需經事前審查核准後使用。

### **Carboplatin**

- 限腎功能不佳 (CCr < 60) 或曾作單側或以上腎切除之惡性腫瘤患者使用。

# Carcinoma of Nasopharynx

高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 | Ver.1 修訂於2019.03.06 Page 13

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# Carcinoma of Nasopharynx

高雄榮民總醫院 臨床診療指引 | Ver.1 修訂於2019.03.06

Page 14

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