

# 高雄榮民總醫院

## 口腔癌診療原則

2020年05月06日第一版

頭頸癌醫療團隊擬訂

注意事項：這個診療原則主要作為醫師和其他保健專家診療癌症病人參考之用。假如你是一個癌症病人，直接引用這個診療原則並不恰當，只有你的醫師才能決定給你最恰當的治療。

# 會議討論

上次會議：2019/03/06

## 本共識與上一版的差異

上一版	新版
<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>若安排PET/CT檢查，無須排WBBS(p1)。</li><li>維持cN，不依據SNL biopsy病理報告決定做頸部淋巴結廓清(p2)。</li><li>新增Clinical trials(p3)。</li><li>核對線上化藥處方集與診療指引化藥處方集一致性，未列出者將補齊。 Regimen1 : Carboplatin + 5-FU + Hydroxyurea (CCr &lt; 60) + RT                   Carboplatin (AUC x 1.25mg) D1-D4 Regimen2 : Cisplatin + 5-FU + Hydroxyurea + RT Regimen3 : cisplatin+epirubicin+ 5-FU+ Leucovorin Regimen4 : q2 weeks Bevacizumab Regimen5 : weekly Gemcitabine</li></ol>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>在Workup加入± Neck FNA以及± Chest CT</li><li>在Follow up 加入±TSH for irradiated neck</li><li>在Clinical T1-2, N0, M0治療中加入SLN biopsy</li><li>在Recurrent, unresectable, metastatic的化療Regimen提升immune therapy順序，並加入合併使用化療的選項</li></ol>

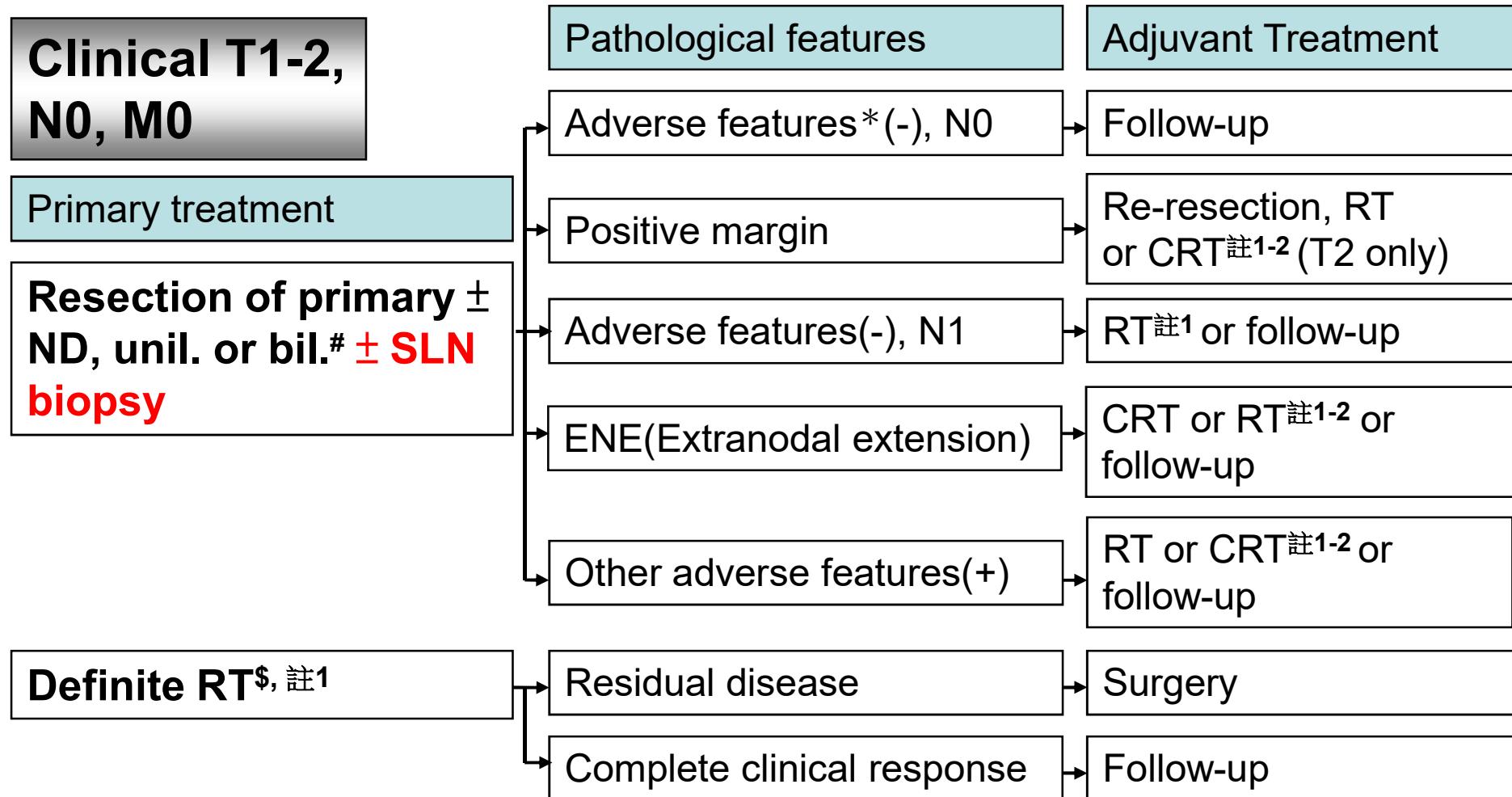
# Carcinoma of Oral Cavity

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WORK-UP	STAGING & TREATMENT	FOLLOW-UP
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <u>History&amp; PE</u> <i>(pack yr smoked)</i></li><li>• <u>Biopsy &amp; Pathology</u></li><li>• <u>Image</u> → MRI* or CT of H&amp;N* or PET → Chest X-ray ± <b>Chest CT</b> → Bone scan* (若有PET，可不做此項檢查) → Abd. Sono* → ± Neck Sono</li><li>• <u>Dental evaluation</u> → Panorex → ± teeth extraction</li><li>• <u>Multidisciplinary consultation</u> ± <u>Swallowing evaluation</u> •± <u>p16 status</u> (* 期別之相關之主要檢查)</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• [T1-2, N0, M0] 詳見 <i>Page 2</i></li><li>• [T3, N0; T1-3, N1-3; T4a-resectable T4b, any N, M0] 詳見 <i>Page 3</i></li><li>• [<u>Inoperable status</u>] 詳見 <i>Page 4</i></li><li>• [<u>M1</u>] 詳見 <i>Page 5</i></li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• [<u>Post-Tx within 6 months</u>] → Every 1-2 months: PE → Baseline MRI or CT → ± Neck Sono</li><li>• [<u>0.5-3 years after Tx</u>] → Every 2-3 months: PE → Every 1 year: H &amp; N MRI or CT, CxR, Bone scan &amp; Abd. Sono ± Neck Sono ± <b>TSH, free T4*</b>; As clinically indicated</li><li>• [<u>3-5 years after Tx</u>] → Every 4-6 months: PE</li><li>• [<u>5 years later after Tx</u>] → Every 6-12 months: Physical exam (*if RT, 6-12 months)</li></ul>

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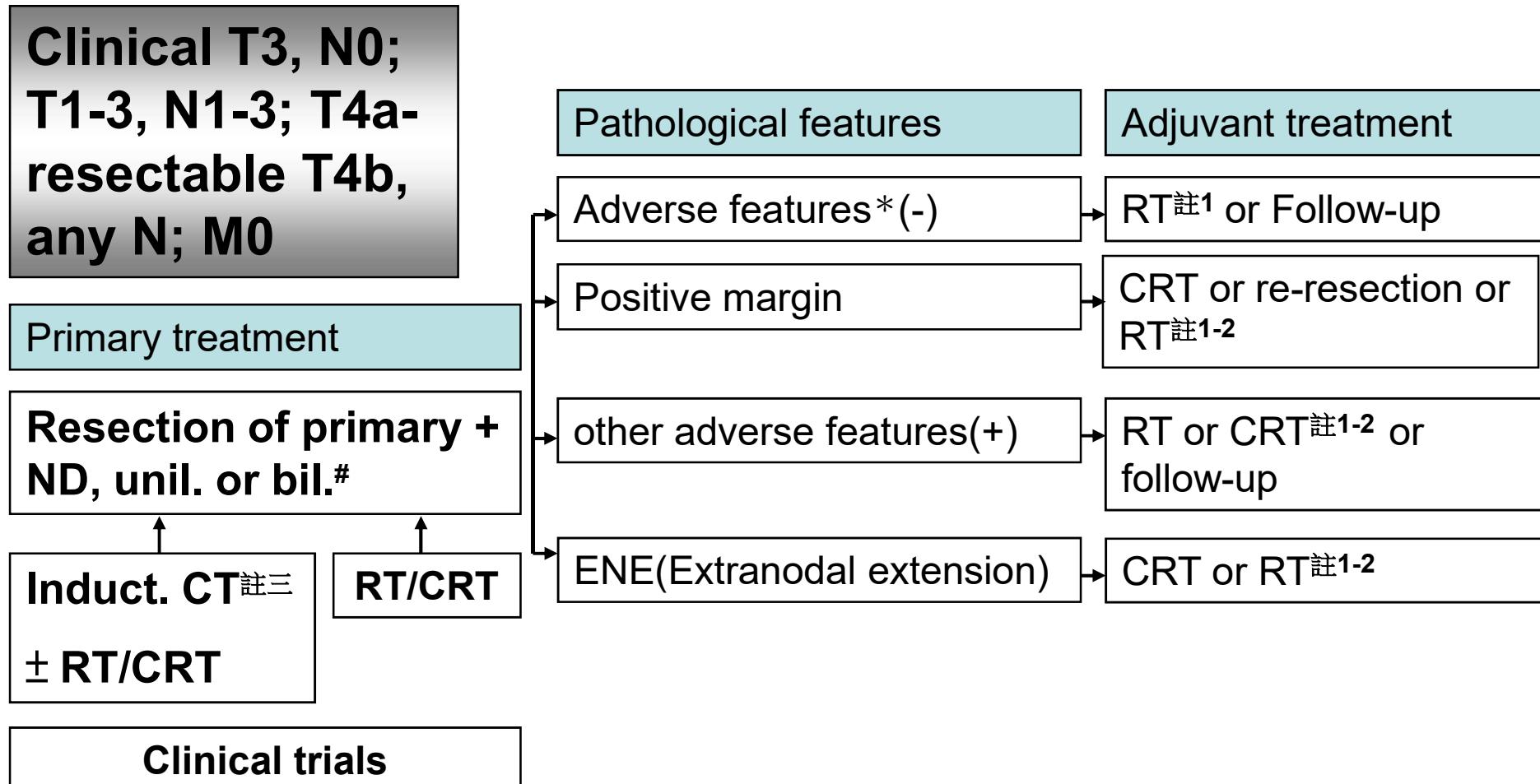
#Depth of invasion ≥4mm 可考慮Elective ND(依腫瘤厚度、位置、SLN biopsy結果而定)或close follow up

\*Adverse features: extranodal extension, positive or close margins, pT3 or pT4 primary, pN2 or pN3 nodal disease, nodal disease in level IV or V, perineural invasion, vascular invasion, lymphatic invasion

\$RT: external beam RT(EBRT)± brachytherapy alone

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# Therapeutic neck dissection, level Ⅳ-Ⅴ依cN status及腫瘤位置而定

\* Adverse features : Extranodal extension, positive or close margins, pT3 or pT4 primary, N2 or N3 nodal disease, nodal disease in levels Ⅳ or Ⅴ, perineural invasion, lymphovascular invasion

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## Inoperable status

### **Resectable**

But poor medical or surgical risk, or patient preference

### **Unresectable status**

T4b or unresectable nodal disease

#### Treatment

CCRT<sup>#</sup>, 註1-2

Induction CT<sup>註3</sup> + RT or CRT<sup>#</sup>, 註1-2

Definite RT<sup>註1 ± CT\*</sup>, 註2

Palliative RT<sup>\$,註1</sup>

Palliative CT<sup>\$,註3</sup>

Supportive care<sup>\$</sup>

CT → OP

operable

#### Clinical trials

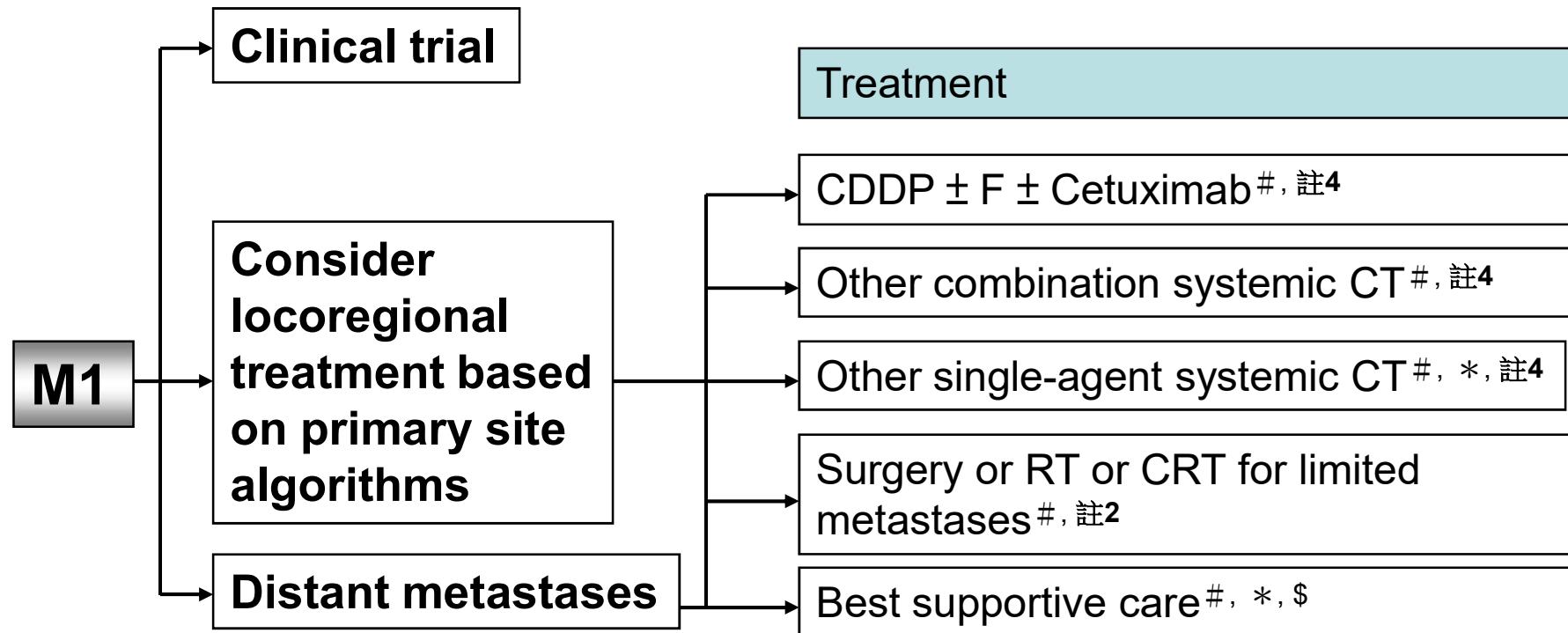
# ECOG Performance Status 0-1<sup>註6</sup>

\* ECOG Performance Status 2

\$ ECOG Performance Status 3

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# ECOG Performance Status 0-1<sup>註6</sup>

\* ECOG Performance Status 2

\$ ECOG Performance Status 3

# **Carcinoma of Oral Cavity**

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註1

## **Principles of Radiotherapy**

### **Definitive Radiotherapy**

- Primary and gross adenopathy : 66 - 74 Gy (1.8-2.0 Gy/fraction)
- Neck uninvolved nodal stations : 44 - 64 Gy (1.6-2.0 Gy/fractions)

### **Postoperative Radiotherapy**

- Preferred interval between operation and radiotherapy is  $\leq$  6 weeks.
- Primary : 60-66 Gy (1.8-2.0 Gy/fraction)
- Neck involved nodal stations : 60 - 66 Gy (1.8-2.0 Gy/fraction)
- Neck uninvolved nodal stations : 44 - 64 Gy (1.6-2.0 Gy/fraction)

### **Palliative RT**

- Indicated in : relieve local symptoms, prevent debilitation such as spinal cord compression and pathological fracture, achieve durable locoregional control.

### **CCRT or RT**

- RT alone if : old age, impaired renal function, poor condition or refused chemotherapy

# Carcinoma of Oral Cavity

註2

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## Principles of Chemotherapy

### Concurrent with RT

#### Regimen 1: q3w CDDP ± Cetuximab<sup>註5</sup> + RT

- Cisplatin (80-100mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) q3w during R/T
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then Cetuximab(250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose D1 + Cisplatin (80-100mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) q3w D2 during R/T

#### Regimen 2: Weekly CDDP ± Cetuximab<sup>註5</sup> + RT

- Cisplatin (30-40mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) weekly during R/T
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, and then Cisplatin (30-40mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) weekly D1 + Cetuximab(250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose D2 during R/T

#### Regimen 3: q3w Carboplatin<sup>註5</sup> ± Cetuximab<sup>註5</sup> + RT

- Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) q3w during R/T
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then Cetuximab(250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose D1 + Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) q3w D2 during R/T

#### Regimen 4: Weekly Cetuximab<sup>註5</sup> + RT

- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then Cetuximab(250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose during RT

#### Regimen5 : Carboplatin + 5-FU + Hydroxyurea (CCr < 60) + RT

- Carboplatin (AUC x 1.25mg) D1-D4
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (850mg/m<sup>2</sup>) D1-D4
- Hydroxyurea 1CAP BID D1-D5

#### Regimen6 : Cisplatin + 5-FU + Hydroxyurea + RT

- Cisplatin(20mg/ m<sup>2</sup> ) D1-D4
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (850mg/m<sup>2</sup>) D1-D4
- Hydroxyurea 1CAP BID D1-D5

# **Carcinoma of Oral Cavity**

註3

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## **Regimens of Chemotherapy**

***Induction or adjuvant, 建議2-3cycles***

### **Regimen 1: q3-4 weeks T<sup>註5</sup> + P ± F ± weekly Cetuximab<sup>註5</sup>**

- Taxotere(60 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Cisplatin(60-75 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (600-750mg/m<sup>2</sup>) D2-D5
- Cetuximab (400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose

### **Regimen 2: q3-4 weeks Platinum ± F ± weekly Cetuximab<sup>註5</sup>**

- Cisplatin(80-100mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1 or Cisplatin (20mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1-D5 or Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) D1
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (1000mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D2-D5
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then weekly Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>)

### **Regimen 3: weekly Cetuximab<sup>註5</sup>**

- Cetuximab (400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) maintain dose

# **Carcinoma of Oral Cavity**

註3

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## **Regimens of Chemotherapy**

***Induction or adjuvant, 建議2-3cycles***

### **Regimen 4: oral Fluorouracil**

- Ufur cap (tegafur 100mg+uracil 224mg) 2# BID-TID  
(Salvage or palliative CT中作為取代iv-formed 5-FU之替代藥物)

### **Regimen 5: weekly Methotrexate**

- Methotrexate (40-60mg/ m<sup>2</sup>)

# Carcinoma of Oral Cavity

註4

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## Regimens of Chemotherapy

### *Recurrent, unresectable, metastatic*

#### Regimen 1: q3-4 weeks Platinum ± F ± weekly Cetuximab<sup>註5</sup>

- Cisplatin(80-100mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1 or Cisplatin (20mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1-D5 or Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) D1
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (600-1000 mg/m<sup>2</sup>) D2-D5
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then weekly Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>)

#### Regimen 2: q3 weeks Pembrolizumab<sup>註5</sup> ± Platinum ± F

- Pembrolizumab(200mg) D1 (if CPS $\geq 1$ )
- Cisplatin(80-100mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1 or Cisplatin (20mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1-D5 or Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) D1
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (600-1000 mg/m<sup>2</sup>) D2-D5

#### Regimen 3: q2 weeks Nivolumab<sup>註5</sup>

- Nivolumab(3mg/kg) D1

# **Carcinoma of Oral Cavity**

註4

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## **Regimens of Chemotherapy**

### ***Recurrent, unresectable, metastatic***

#### **Regimen 4: q3-4 weeks T ± P ± weekly Cetuximab<sup>註5</sup>**

- Taxotere(60 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Cisplatin(60-75 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then weekly Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>)

#### **Regimen 5: q3-4 weeks T ± Carboplatin ± weekly Cetuximab<sup>註5</sup>**

- Taxotere(60 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Carboplatin (AUC x 5mg) D1
- Cetuximab(400mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) loading dose first week, then weekly Cetuximab (250mg/ m<sup>2</sup>)

#### **Regimen 6: cisplatin+epirubicin+ 5-FU+ Leucovorin**

- Cisplatin (60 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Epirubicin (50 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1
- Fluorouracil (5-FU) (2000 mg/m2) D1

#### **Regimen 7: q2 weeks Bevacizumab**

- Bevacizumab (200 mg/ m<sup>2</sup>) D1

#### **Regimen 8: weekly Gemcitabine**

- Gemcitabine (1000 mg/m2) D1

# **Carcinoma of Oral Cavity**

註5

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## **特殊用藥健保給付規定**

### **Taxotere**

- 頭頸部癌，限局部晚期且無遠端轉移之頭頸部鱗狀細胞癌且無法手術切除者。
- 與Cisplatin 及5-FU 併用，作為放射治療前的引導治療，限使用四個療程。

### **Cetuximab**

- 限與放射線療法合併使用於局部晚期之口咽癌、下咽癌及喉癌患者，使用總療程以接受8 次輸注為上限。需經事前審查核准後使用。

符合下列條件之一：

- 1.年齡  $\geq$  70 歲
  - 2.Ccr < 50ml/min
  - 3.聽力障礙者 (聽力障礙定義為500Hz、1000Hz、2000Hz 平均聽力損失大於25 分貝)
  - 4.無法耐受platinum-based 化學治療。
- 限無法接受局部治療之復發及/或轉移性頭頸部鱗狀細胞癌，且未曾申報 cetuximab 之病患使用。需經事前審查核准後使用，使用總療程以18週為限，每9週申請一次，需無疾病惡化情形方得繼續使用。(106/4/1)

### **Carboplatin**

- 限腎功能不佳 (CCr < 60) 或曾作單側或以上腎切除之惡性腫瘤患者使用。

# **Carcinoma of Oral Cavity**

註5

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## **特殊用藥健保給付規定**

### **Pembrolizumab、Nivolumab**

- 先前已使用過 platinum 類化學治療失敗後，又有疾病惡化的復發或轉移性頭頸部鱗狀細胞癌成人患者。本類藥品與 cetuximab 僅能擇一使用，且治療失敗時不可互換。

- 符合下列條件：

1. 病人身體狀況良好(ECOG≤1)
2. NYHA (the New York Heart Association) Functional Class I 或 II
3. GOT<60U/L及GPT<60U/L，且T-bilirubin<1.5mg/dL；Creatinine<1.5mg/dL，且eGFR>60mL/min/1.73m<sup>2</sup>
4. PD-L1 表現量 TPS≥50%

- 初次申請以12週為限，申請時需檢附以下資料：病理或細胞檢查報告、生物標記(PD-L1)表現量檢測報告、病人身體狀況良好(ECOG≤1)及心肺與肝腎功能之評估資料、符合 i-RECIST 定義之影像檢查及報告(上述影像檢查之給付範圍不包括PET)、先前已接受過之治療與完整用藥資料、使用免疫檢查點抑制劑之治療計畫(treatment protocol)。

- 用藥後每 12 週評估一次，以 i-RECIST 或 mRECIST 標準評定反應，依下列原則給付：

- I. 有療效反應者(PR 及 CR)得繼續使用；
- II. 出現疾病惡化(PD)或出現中、重度或危及生命之藥物不良反應時，應停止使用；
- III. 疾病呈穩定狀態者(SD)，可持續再用藥 4 週，並於 4 週後再次評估，經再次評估若為 PR、CR 者，得再繼續使用 12 週。若仍為 SD 或已 PD 者，應停止使用。

# **Carcinoma of Oral Cavity**

註6

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## **Eastern Cooperative Oncology Group (ECOG) Performance Status**

Grade	Description	Suggestion
0	Normal activity fully ambulatory (無症狀)	按照標準化療評估及療程。
1	Symptoms, but nearly fully ambulatory (有症狀，完全步行，但對生活無影響)	按照標準化療評估及療程。
2	Some bed time, but needs to be in bed less than 50% of normal daytime (躺在床上的時間<50%)	按照標準化療評估及療程。
3	Needs to be in bed more than 50% of normal daytime (躺在床上的時間>50%)	可視情況考慮停止化學治療。
4	Unable to get out of bed (長期完全臥床)	建議停止化學治療。
5	Dead	

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