

Domestic Tracheostomy Care (graphic instructions)

氣切造口之居家照護(圖片說明)(英文)

1. Easily cleans oral cavity.
2. Short tube facilitates sputum elimination.
3. Allows continued respiration training.
4. Easily establishes the patency of respiratory tract.
5. Allows easy removal of respirator when not needed.
6. Only a scar is present when the incision is healed after tube removal.
7. Tracheostomy is associated with low risk and the patient tends to be free from the need of respirator use when the condition becomes stable.
8. The risk of respiratory infection is relatively low.
9. It is easier to replace the tracheostomy dressing and more comfort is expected.

Tracheostomy Care

[Fig. 1]

(A)



(B)



(C)



A. Intact package of tracheostomy

B. Tracheostomy with tube cuff, cannula, tube removal bolt and the tube for testing the tube cuff

C. Tracheostomy with sponge-type tube cuff and obturator

[Fig. 2] Clean the cannula of tracheostomy



[Fig. 3] Reinsert the cannula



If you understand Domestic Tracheostomy Care (graphic instructions), please sign here

Signature of patient or family

Date _____

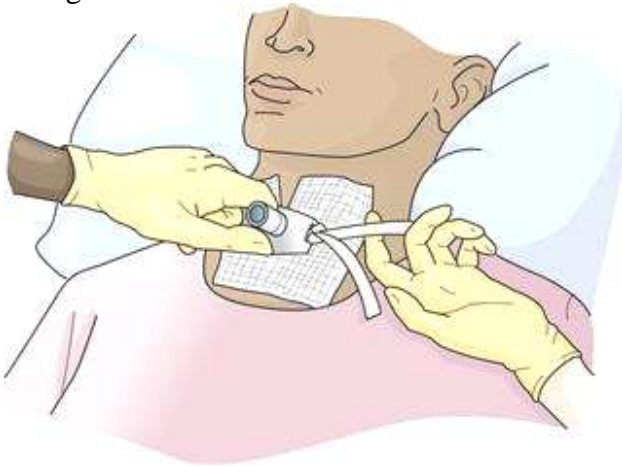
[Fig. 4] Clean the surrounding of the stoma



[Fig. 5] Replace the tracheostomy fixing band but the old one must not be removed before the new one is well fixed



[Fig. 6] Appropriately place the tracheostomy fixing band



[Fig. 7] Place the tracheostomy dressing



[Fig. 8] Placement of tracheostomy fixing band

